

J.E Campagne

# SPL-Fréjus

### **Collection part**

Thanks to S. Gilardoni, A. Cazes

ISS-CERN 22-24/9/05

# New optimization questioned @ MMW04\*

Particle production

Horn design optimisation

Decay tunnel parameter optimisation

Flux computation at Fréjus

 $\theta_{13}$  and  $\delta_{\text{CP}}$  sensitivity.

\*: Multi MegaWatt Workshop at CERN 26-28 May 04 ISS CERN 05 J.E Campagne (LAL)









### Particle production

#### Proton beam :

1. Pencil like

2. E<sub>k</sub>=2.2GeV, 3.5GeV,..., 8GeV

Target :

1. 30cm long cylinder, Ø15mm in Liq. Hg

2. FLUKA 2002.4

Normalized to 4MW beam power: Pion+ production

1.10 10<sup>23</sup> pot/yr @ 2.2GeV 0.69 10<sup>23</sup> pot/yr @ 3.5GeV 0.30 10<sup>23</sup> pot/yr @ 8.0GeV

> Max. π yield ≠

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# Pion production p(2.2GeV) Hg

#### at the exit of the target



Rule of thumb:  $E_{\pi}/3 \sim E_{v}$  (MeV) > 2.L(km)

Preliminary (15/9/05)

#### Kaon/pion production?



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#### Horn style of collection



#### Comparison Solenoid vs Horn



# Horn design parameter for Super Beam

 $E_v \sim 300 MeV$ 

 $E_{\pi} \sim 800 MeV$ 

Conductor thickness : 3mm horn : 300kAmps reflector : 600kAmps Challenging!!!



Drawing from the horn built at CERN Optimized for Super Beam

Using Geant 3.2.1 NuFact-Note 138

nt 2 2 1	+ or - focusing
int 3.2.1	

HORN		
inner radius	3.4cm	
neck length	40cm	
outer radius	20.5cm	
total length	140cm	
REFLECTOR		
outer radius	40cm	
total length	220cm	

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# **Decay Tunnel Parameters**

- Lengths:
  - 1. Modify beam purity
  - 2. Tested:  $10m \dots \rightarrow 40m \dots \rightarrow 60m$
  - 3. Optimum @ 40m
  - Radius:
  - 1. modify acceptance
  - 2.  $1m \dots \rightarrow 2m$
  - 3. No optimum found: larger is better (we just keep "reasonable" radius)

This results have been checked on sensitivity to  $\theta_{13}$  and  $\delta_{CP}$ 





#### The X-sections

V.V. Lyubushkin et al., internal NOMAD memo



βB is an ideal tool to measure these crosssections and a 2% systematic error on both signal and background are used.

## Some physics performances

440kT water Č, 4MW SPL, GLoBES



5yrs (+)

True values:  $(\Delta m_{3}^2 \sin^2 2\theta_{13})$ sin<sup>2</sup>2 $\theta_{12}$ =0.82,  $\theta_{23}$ = $\pi/4$ ,  $\Delta m_{21}^2$ =8.1 10<sup>-5</sup>eV<sup>2</sup> 5% external precision on  $\theta_{12}$  and  $\Delta m_{21}^2$  and use SPL disappearance channel and spectrum analysis\*

2% syst. on signal & bkg

 $Sin^{2}2\theta_{13}(90\% CL) = 610^{-3}(0.7^{\circ})$ 

sizeable improvement

\*: 5 bins [0.08,1.08] GeV ISS CERN 05 J.E Campagne (LAL)

 $(\chi^2(2dof)=4.6 \text{ or } 11.83)$ 



#### CNGS vs SB/vFact HORN



# CERN prototype (2001-2002)





# Horn cooling (CERN schema)



The gain in surface exchange is somewhat lost by the thickness increase and then the heat load increase...

20kW/surface exchange 275kW/m<sup>2</sup>

# R&D: water cooling is still ok?



Contact me if you plan to do it





# Power Supply

CERN had successfully tested the Horn at 100kA/(0.5)Hzmid-June 03: a schedule of conditions have been written by LAL (13p) for a ( $300kA/100\mu s/50Hz$ ) power supply. 1<sup>st</sup> industrial price feed back:

- 1. Main power supply (7kV/130A): HAZEMEYER co.: ~ 160k€
- 2. Switches (300kA/100µs/50Hz): ABB co: ~ 3x2x50k€\* = 300k€



A solution exists for ~ 460k€ (700kCH)

But we think that a 300kA/1Hz may be a good next step to push the present CERN power supply prototype..

# Al alloy property modifications

Rp ou Rm





#### Other problems...

- Integration of the Target
- Compatibility with Hg
- Radioactive water cooling treatment
- Water Cooled Striplines
- Fabrication cost issues if the life time of a horn is < 1y</li>
- Fast Coupling (cooling & electric) remotely controlled (see US/Japan example)
- Nuclear waste management



#### Summary

An optimized version of the Horn-like collection/focusing and SuperBeam energy is available with the present knowledge of the  $\pi/K$  production x-sections and the detector performances.

The Horn R&D has been interrupted more or less in 2002 at CERN and not revived yet elsewhere.

The Horn-like collection has been demonstrated in the past to be equivalent to a Solenoid-like collection for a NuFact. The SB-Horn and the NF-Horn are different simply because they have different purposes, but they share a lot of design parameters, so a SB-Horn is a prototype for a NF-Horn.