

PMm² proposal: Front end electronics

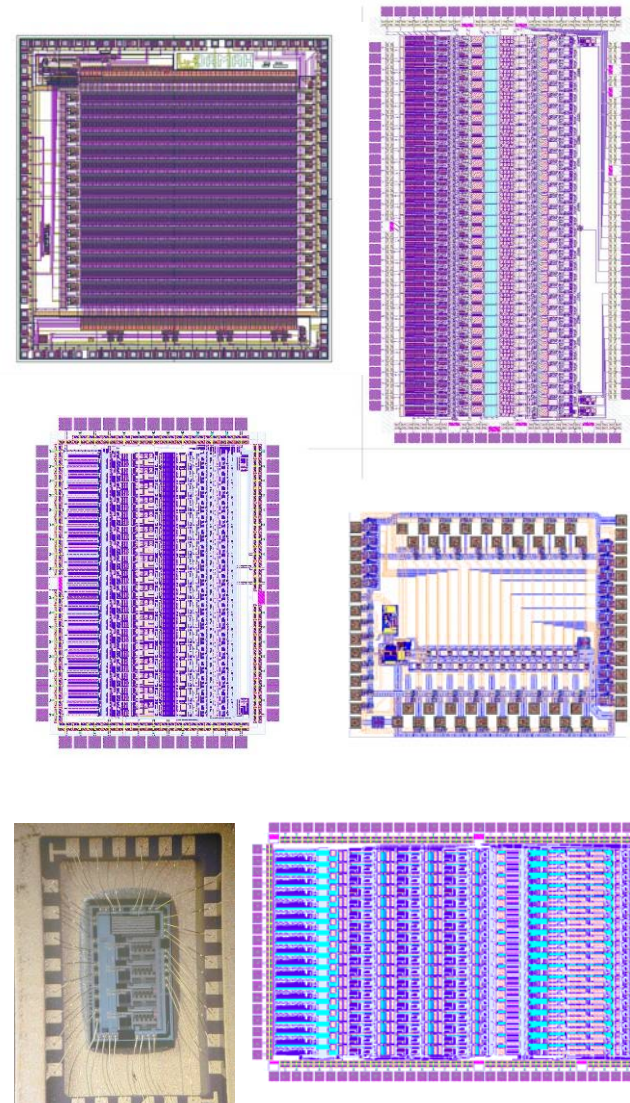
Pierre BARRILLON, Jean-Eric CAMPAGNE, Christophe de LA TAILLE, Nathalie SEGUIN-MOREAU
(LAL ORSAY)

Joel POUTHAS, Bernard GENOLINI
(IPNO IN2P3)



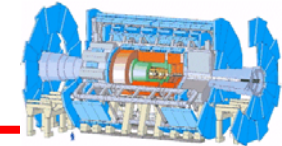
Orsay Micro-Electronics Group

- **A strong team of 9 ASIC designers...**
 - = 20% of in2p3 designers
 - = 60% of department research engineers
 - **A team with critical mass**
 - **Expertise in low noise, low power high level of integration ASICs**
 - 2 designers/ project
 - 2 projects/designer
 - Regular design meetings
- **...Within an electronics department of 55**
 - Support for tests, measurements, PCBs...
- **A strong on-going R&D**
 - Building blocks SiGe 0.35 μ m
- **A steady production**
 - 1-2 large productions/year

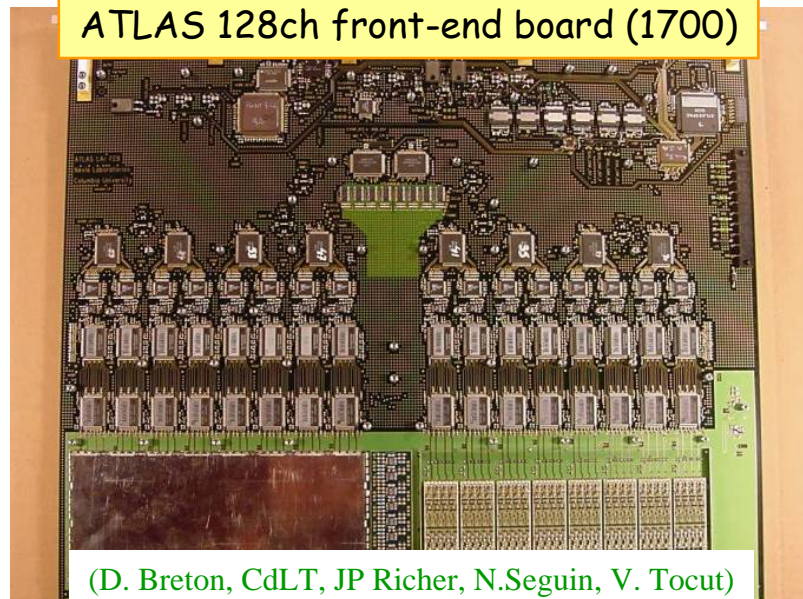


(S. Blin, M. Bouchel, R. Chiche, J. Fleury, CdLT,
G. Martin, L. Raux, N.Seguin, V. Tocut)

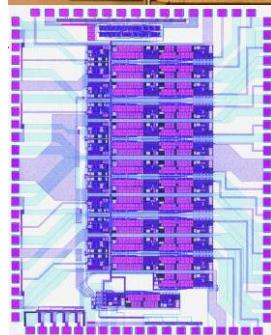
ASIC production for ATLAS LAr calorimeter



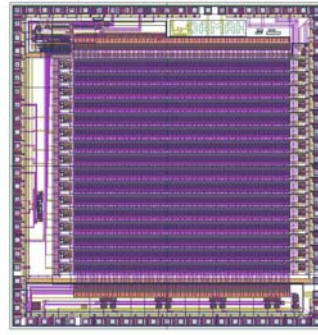
ATLAS 128ch front-end board (1700)



(D. Breton, CdLT, JP Richer, N.Seguin, V. Tocut)

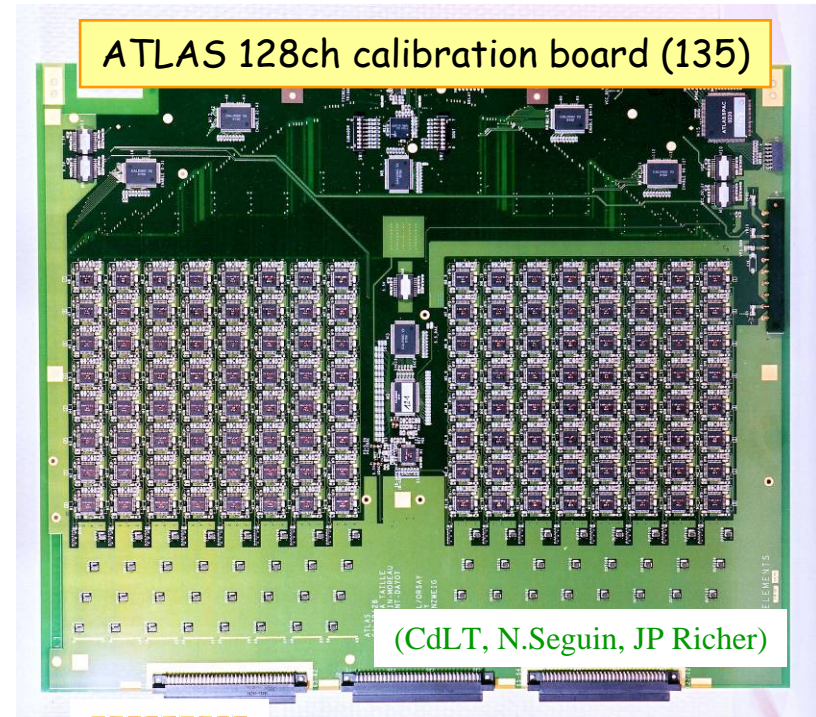


SHAPER_V3 (1999)
 4 ch. tri-gain (1,10,100)
 fast-shaper (30ns)
 BiCMOS 1.2 μ m
70 000 chips

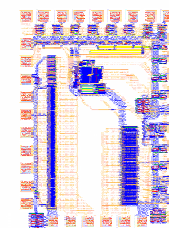


HAMAC (2000)
 16 ch 12 bits analog memory
 Ecriture/lecture : 40/5Mhz
 DMILL 0.8 μ
84 000 chips

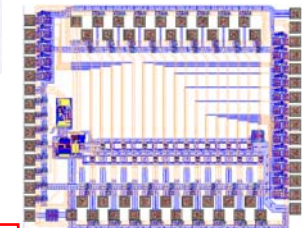
ATLAS 128ch calibration board (135)



(CdLT, N.Seguin, JP Richer)



LOANA (2002)
 Low offset opamp (<10 μ V) +
 switch HF (50 μ V \rightarrow 5V à 1‰)
 DMILL 0.8 μ
40 000 chips

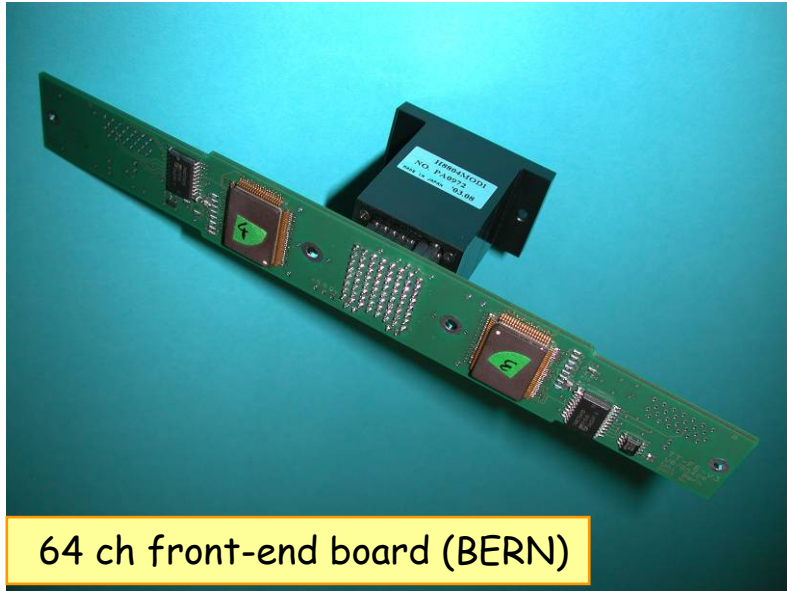


DAC (2003)
 R/2R 16 bits
 DMILL 0.8 μ
8 000 chips

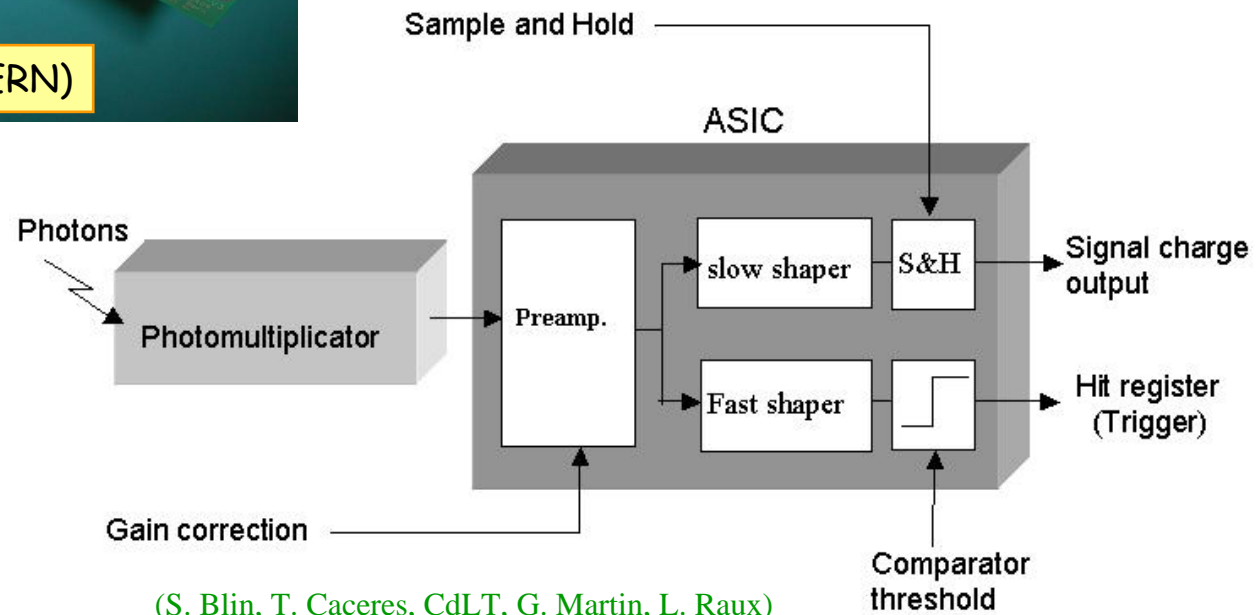
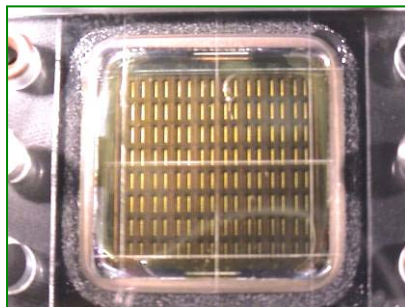
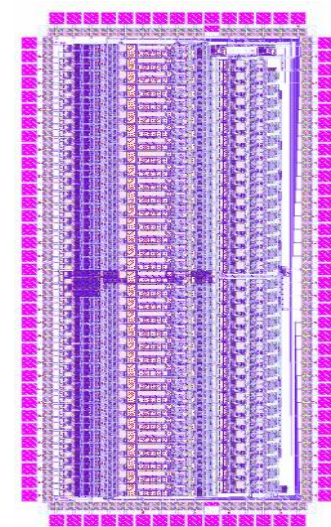
ASIC production for OPERA target tracker



- Readout ASIC for multi-anode Photomultiplier (Hamamatsu)



OPERA_ROC (2002)
 32 channels
 Variable gain preamp
 Autotrigger on 1/4 p.e.
 BiCMOS 0.8μ
3 000 chips

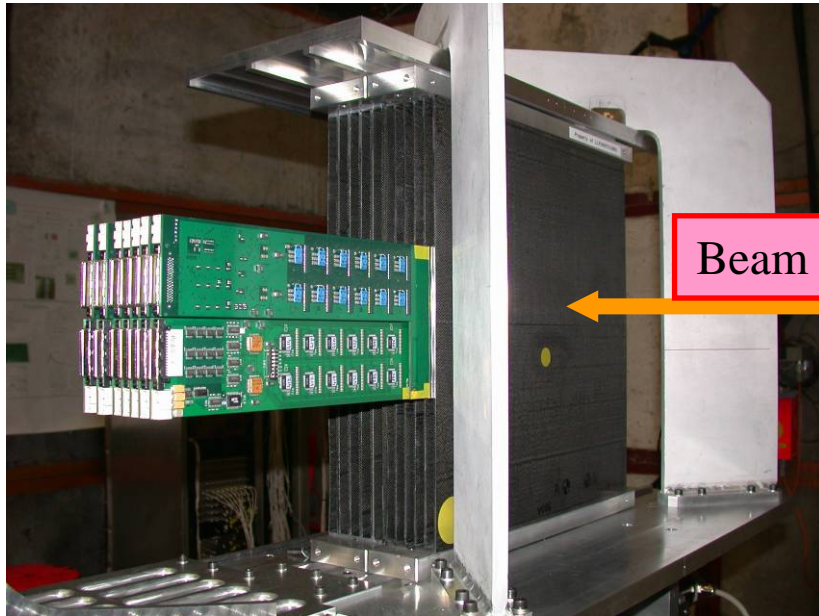


(S. Blin, T. Caceres, CdLT, G. Martin, L. Raux)

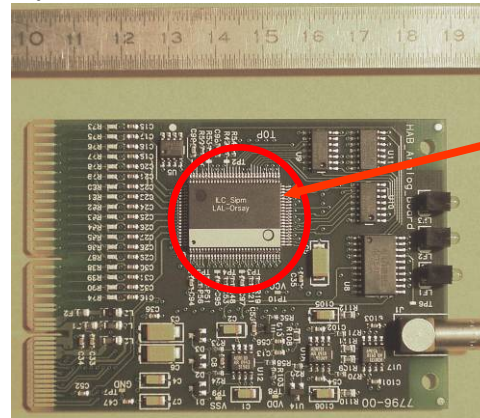
ASIC production for CALICE calorimeters

Readout of W-SI ILC calorimeter

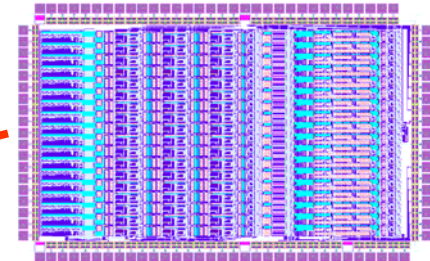
Analog-HCAL 18ch amplifier board (DESY)



(J. Fleury, CdLT, T. Caceres, G. Martin)

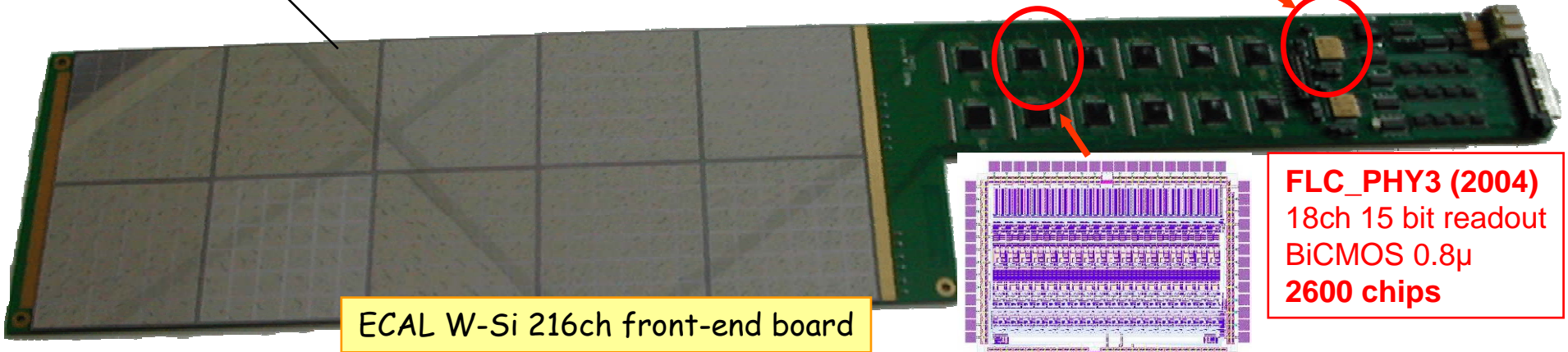
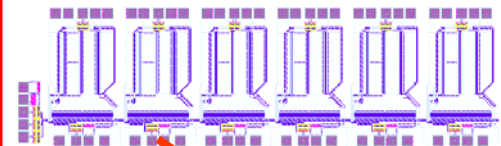


(S. Blin, T. Caceres, G. Martin, L. Raux)



FLC_SiPM (2005)
18ch 8bit DAC + readout
CMOS 0.8 μ - 1000 chips

FLC_CALIB (2004)
Calibration switch HF
BiCMOS 0.8 μ - 120 chips



ECAL W-Si 216ch front-end board

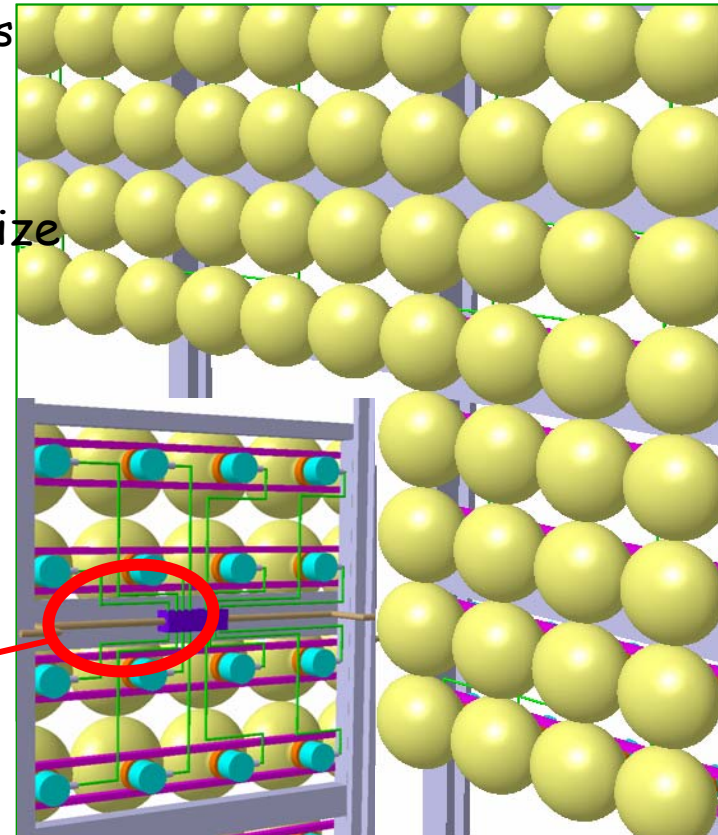


FLC_PHY3 (2004)
18ch 15 bit readout
BiCMOS 0.8 μ
2600 chips

R&D PROGRAM FOR MENPHYS

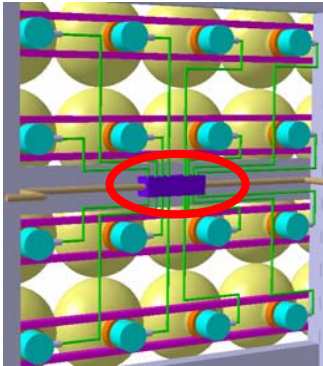
Joël Pouthas IPN Orsay

- "PMm2" (2006 - 2009), funded by the ANR (National Agency for Research)
LAL Orsay, IPN Orsay, LAPP Annecy and Photonis
- Megaton water tanks
 - Large number of very large PMTs: 20" size
- Proposal (Menphys)
 - Replace large PMTs (20") by groups of smaller ones (12")



Integrated electronics (Multichannel, close to the PMTs)

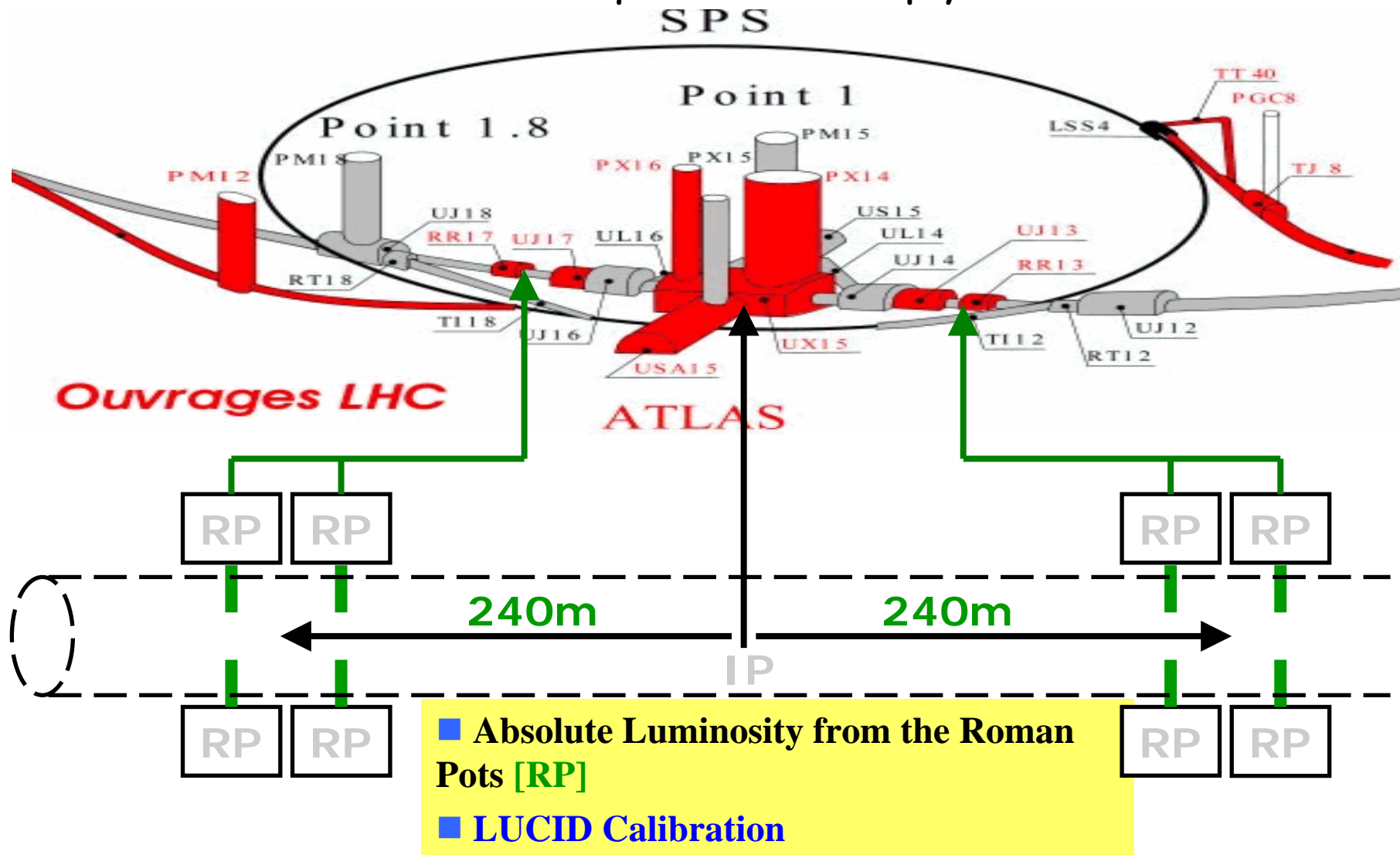
MENPHYS ELECTRONICS REQUIREMENTS



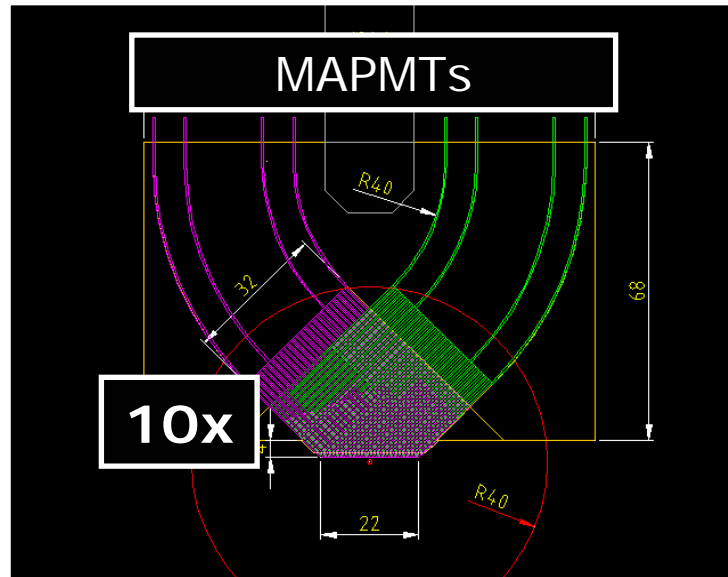
- Need of a multichannel ASIC close to the detector
- To reduce the cost, we need to operate **with a common high voltage** and thus need of variable gain to equalize PM response.
- High speed discriminator to autotrigger on single photoelectron
- Digitization of charge (over 12 bits ?)
- Digitization of time of arrival to provide nano-second accuracy
- Data out: wireless or power wires?

ELECTRONICS FOR MENPHYS

- Chip MAROC (Multi Anode ReadOut Chip) designed for the readout of the 64 channel PM of the ATLAS luminometer Roman Pots
- MAROC fullfills most of the requirements of Menphys FE electronics



Scintillating Fiber Tracker



@S. Ask

Current Design

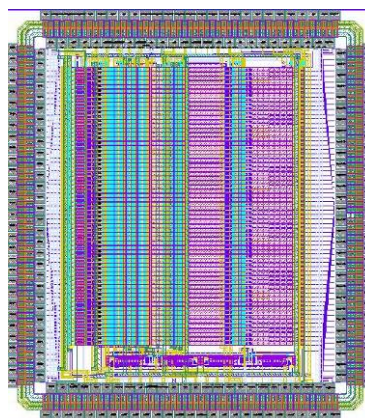
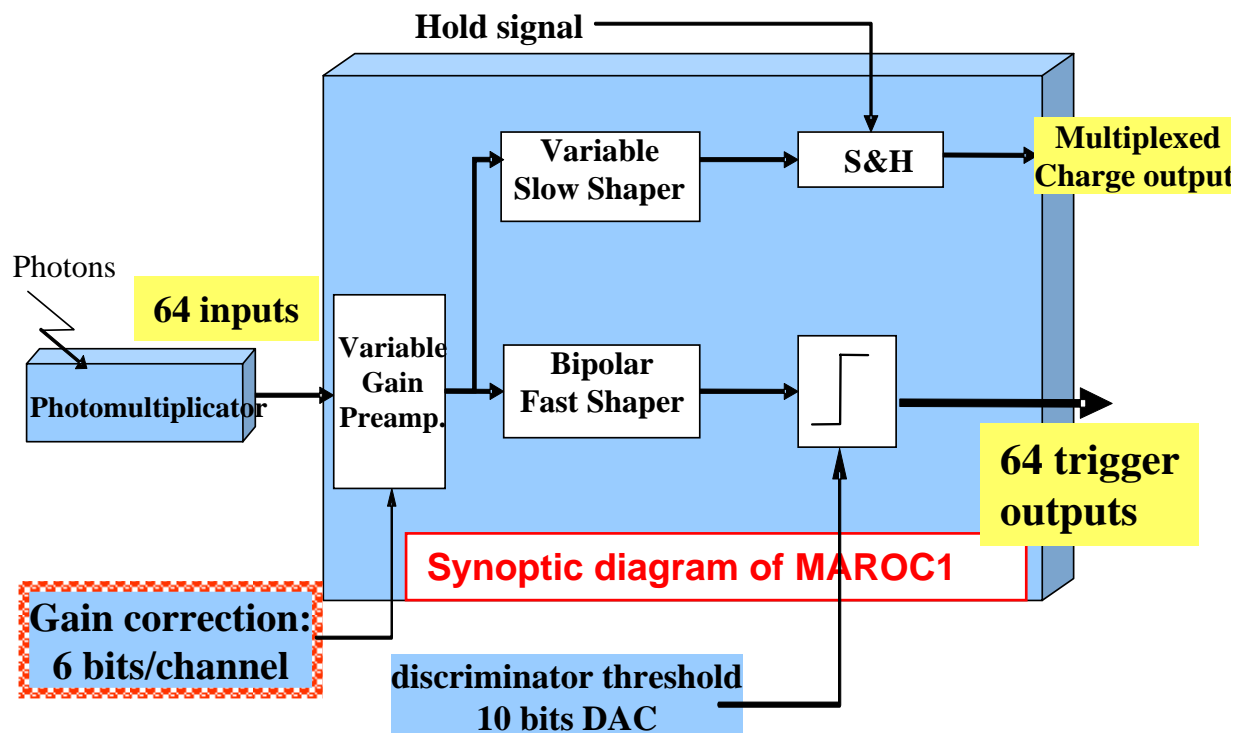
- 2x64 0.5 mm² fibers / plane
- 45 deg UV configuration
- 10 staggered planes / detector with a 50 μm layer offset
- => 1 RP = 10 * 64 fibers (U) + 10 * 64 fibers (V)





MAROC : 64 ch MAPMT chip for ATLAS lumi

- Similar to OPERA ROC
- Low input impedance (50-100 Ω)
- 6 bits gain adjustment ($G=0-4$) per channel
- 64 discriminator outputs
- 100% sensitivity to 1/3 photoelectron (50fC). Counting rate up to 2 MHz
- Common threshold loaded by internal 10bit DAC (step 3mV)
- 1 multiplexed charge output with variable shaping 20-200ns and Track & Hold.
- Dynamic range : 11 bits (2fC - 5 pC)
- Crosstalk < 1%



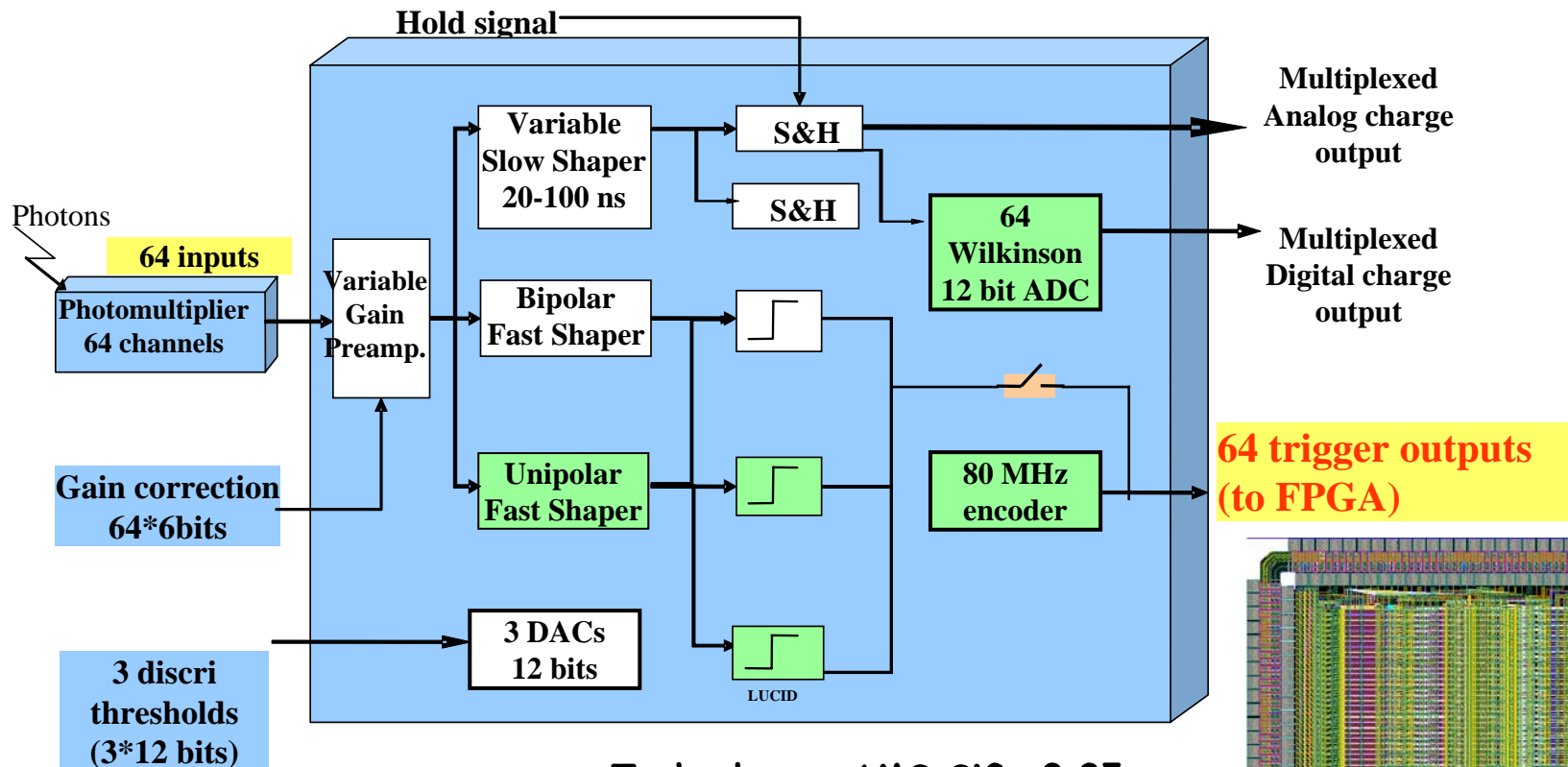
MAROC1

Technology : AMS SiGe 0.35 μ m

- Submitted 13 june 05
- Area 12 mm²
- Received in november 05
- Dissipation 130 mW @VDD=3.5V

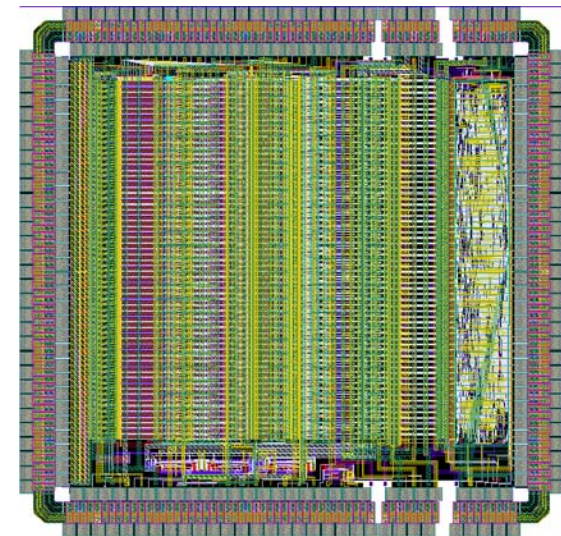
MAROC2 architecture

- MAROC2 = MAROC1 + additional features (WILKINSON ADC, 3 discriminators, Encoder)



Technology : AMS SiGe 0.35 μ m

- Submitted March 06
- Area 16 mm²
- Received in June 06
- 240 pins

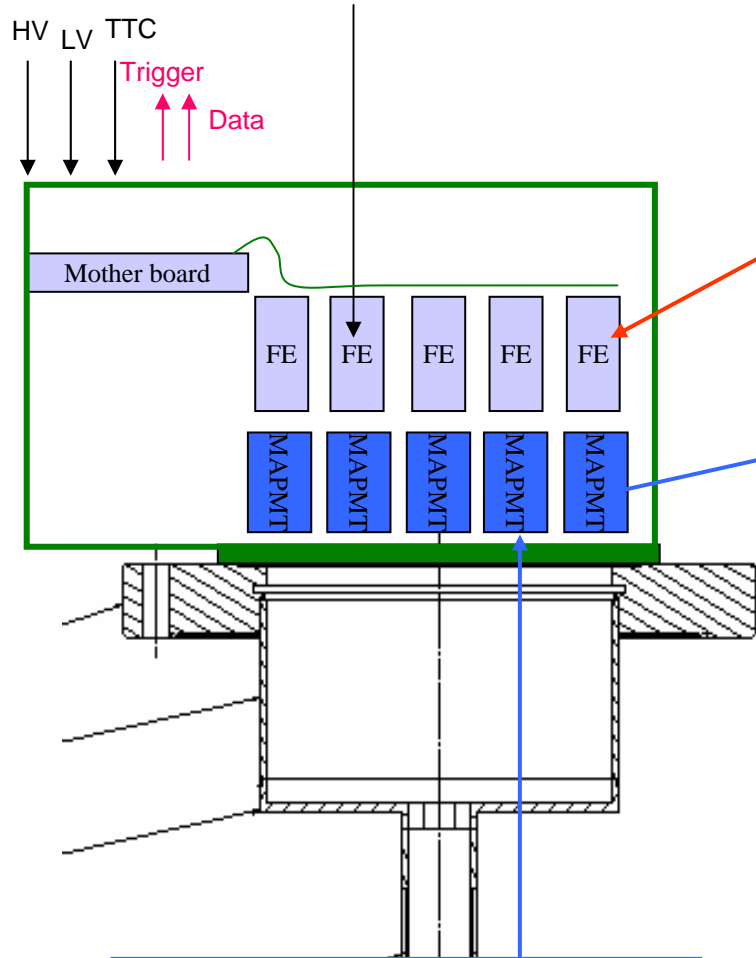


MAROC

- MAROC1 and 2 have been extensively measured
- MAROC1 will be used in october 06 at CERN for beam tests of ATLAS luminometer prototype(s) (CERN+Lund+Orsay+... collaboration)

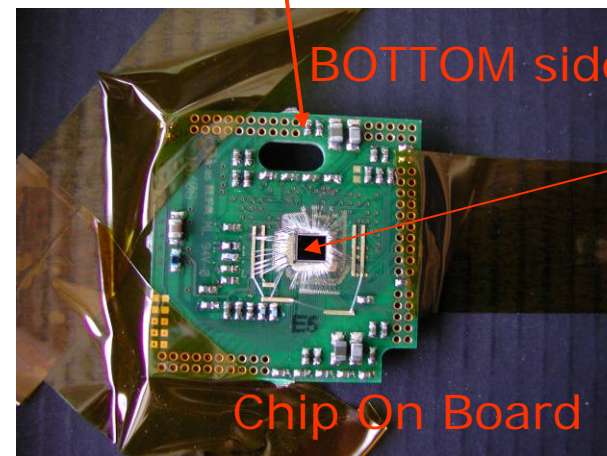
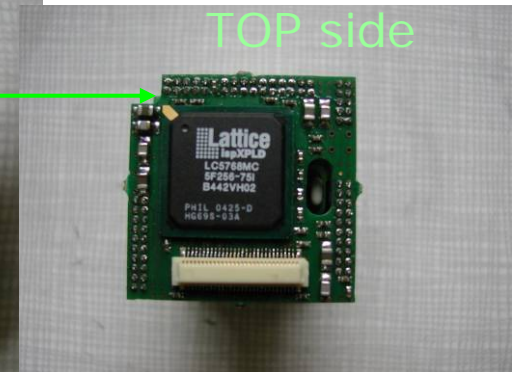
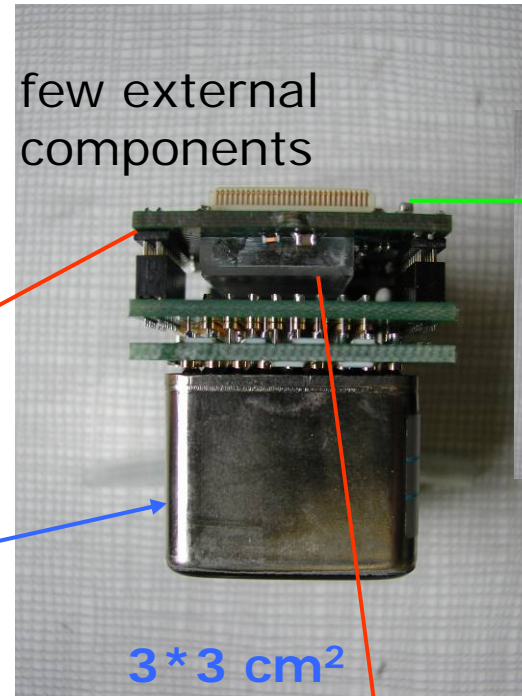
MAROC testbeam setup

PMT Frontend : one chip per PMT (64 channels)

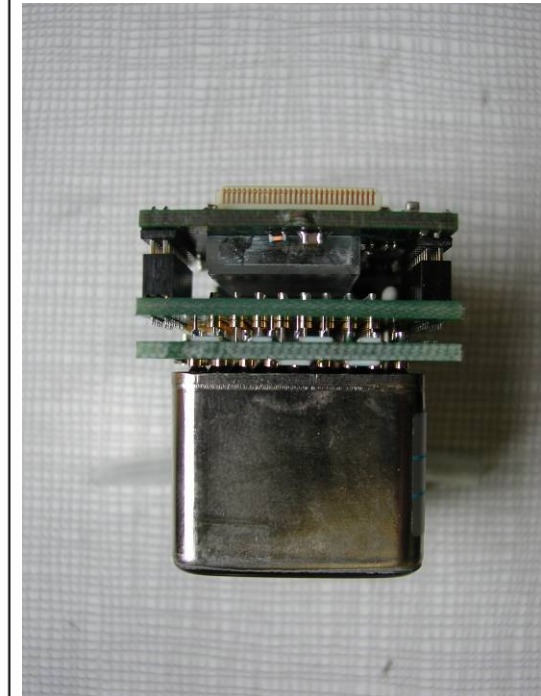
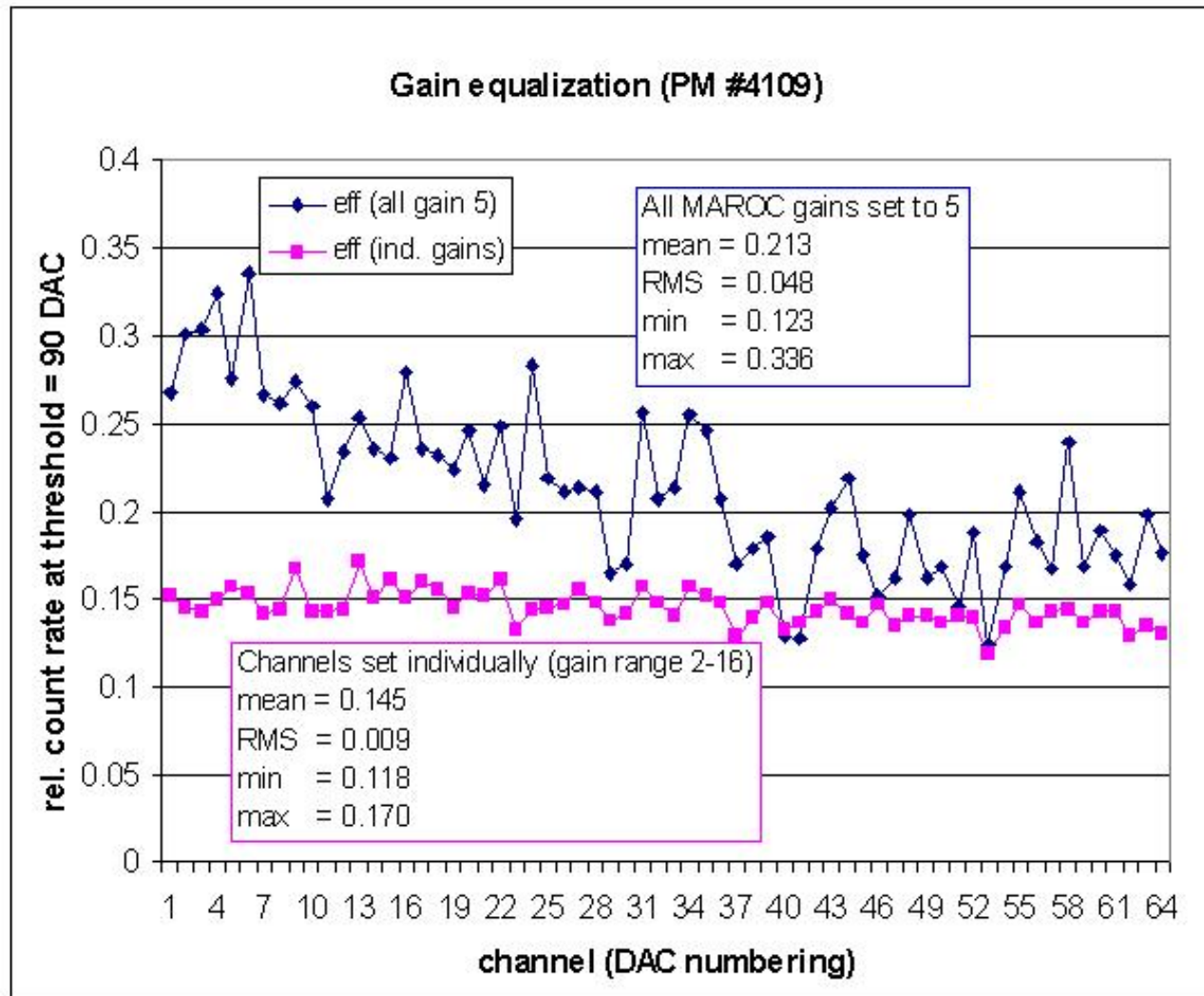


PMTs : 5x5 array of 64 anodes PMT

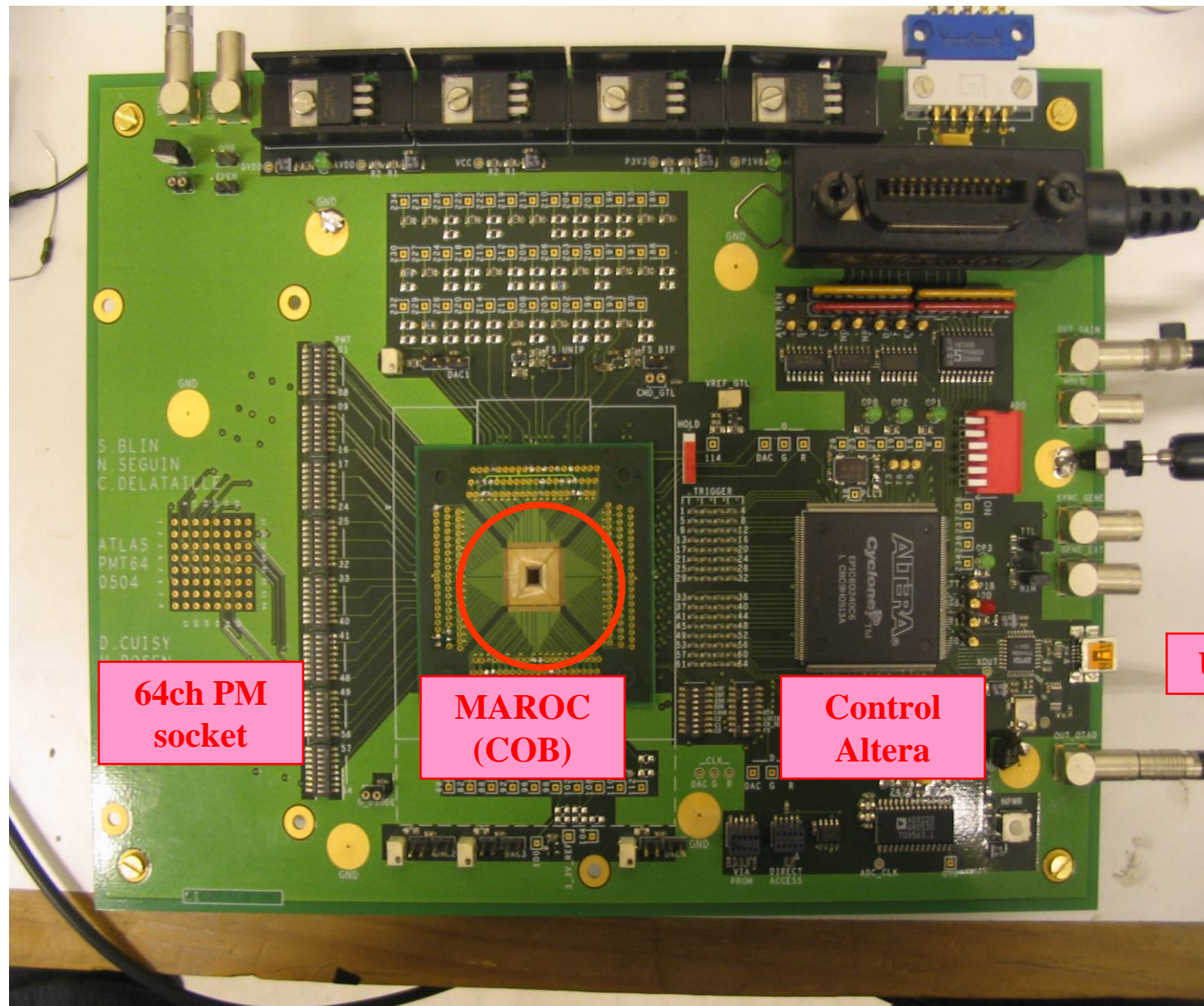
few external components



MAROC1: Gain equalization



TEST BOARD



GPIB port

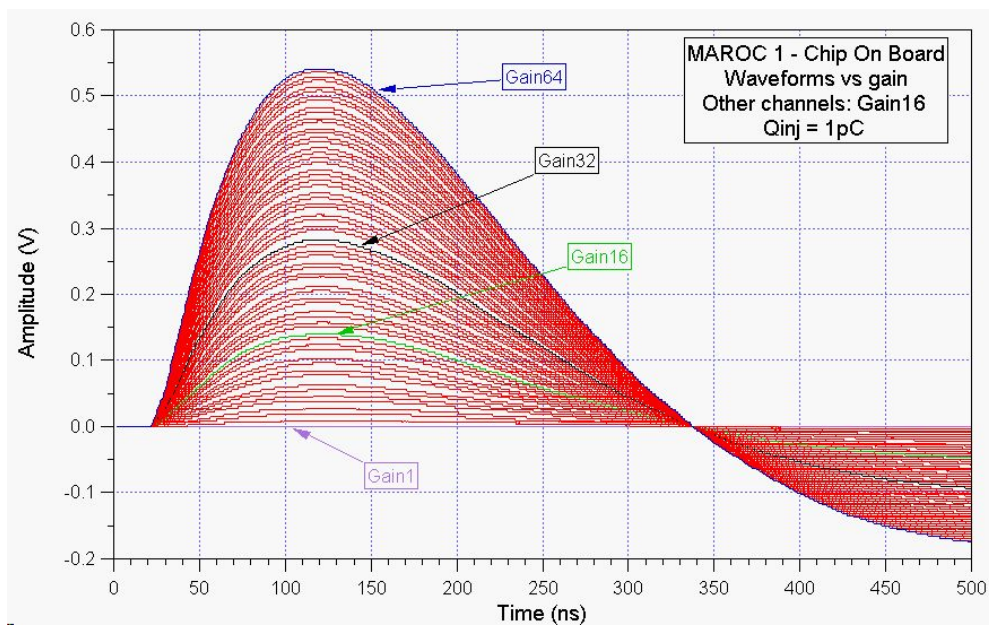
64ch PM socket

MAROC (COB)

Control Altera

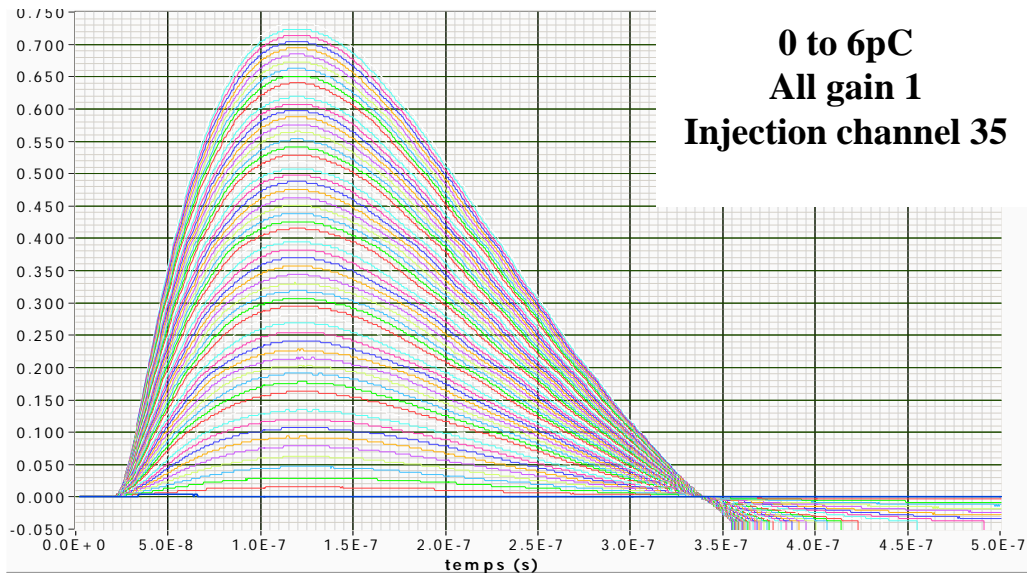
USB port

MAROC1: SLOW SHAPER Wfms vs gain (measurements)

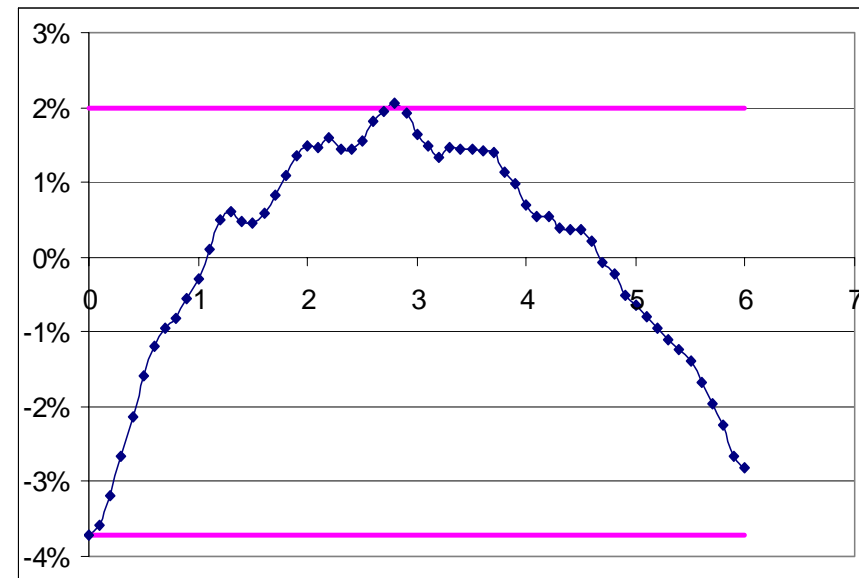
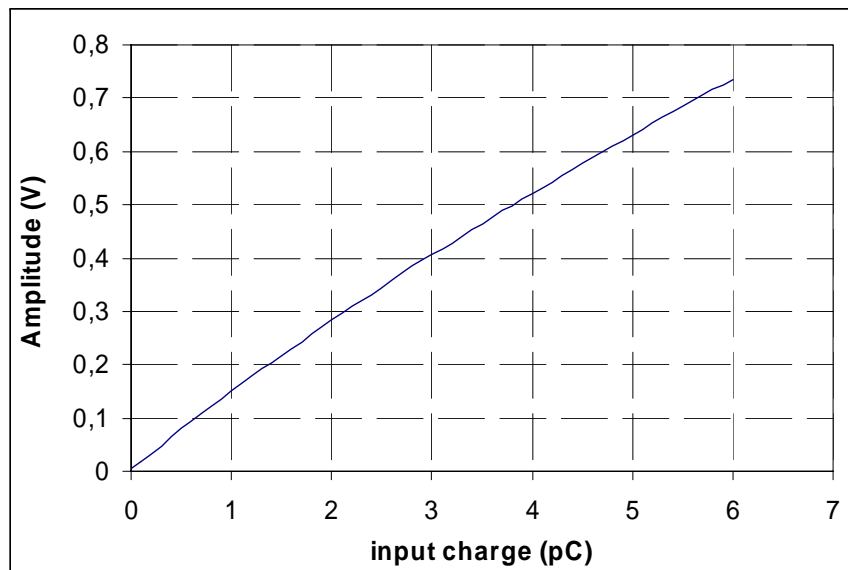


- Wfms with $Q_{inj}=1\text{pC}$ for different preamp gains
- Preamp gain $G=1$:
 - 150 mV/pC
 - $24\text{ mV/pe @ }10^6$
 - Noise = $500\text{ }\mu\text{V}$
 - Max output : 1 V
- Pedestal dispersion
 - Rms 3 mV ($\sim 1/10\text{ pe}$)
 - Pk to pk $\pm 5\text{ mV}$

MAROC1: SLOW SHAPER Waveforms vs input charge

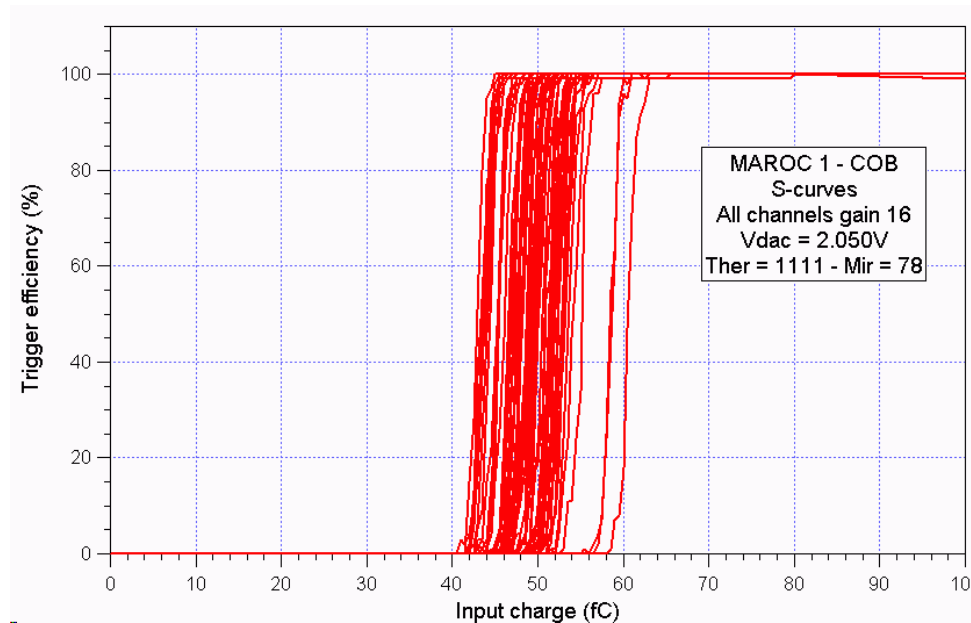


- Wfms with all gain = 1 for various charge inputs
- Linearity within +/- 3% (to be further studied)
- Full scale ~1 V
- Noise 500 μ V

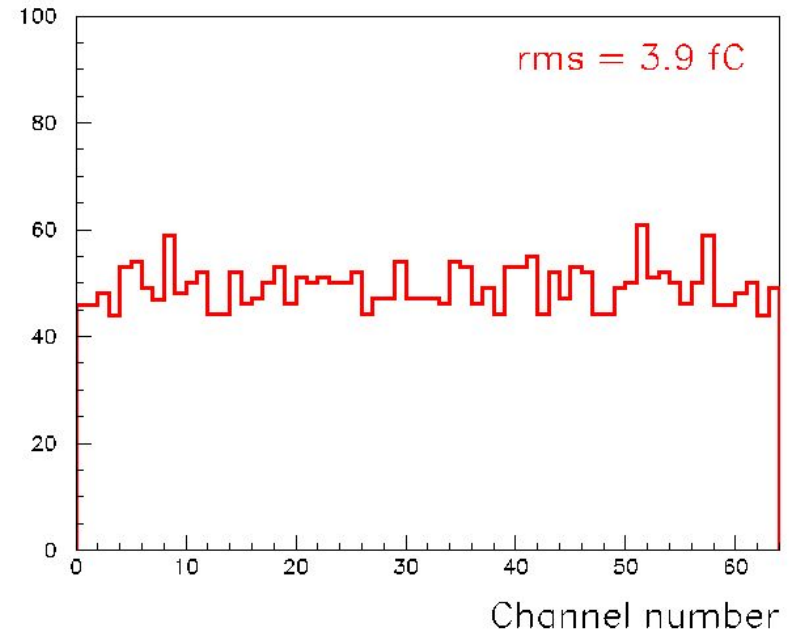


Efficiency curves MAROC1

- **Threshold : 50 fC = 1/3 photoelectron**
 - Dispersion : 4 fC rms \sim 0.03 pe
 - Noise : \sim 1 fC

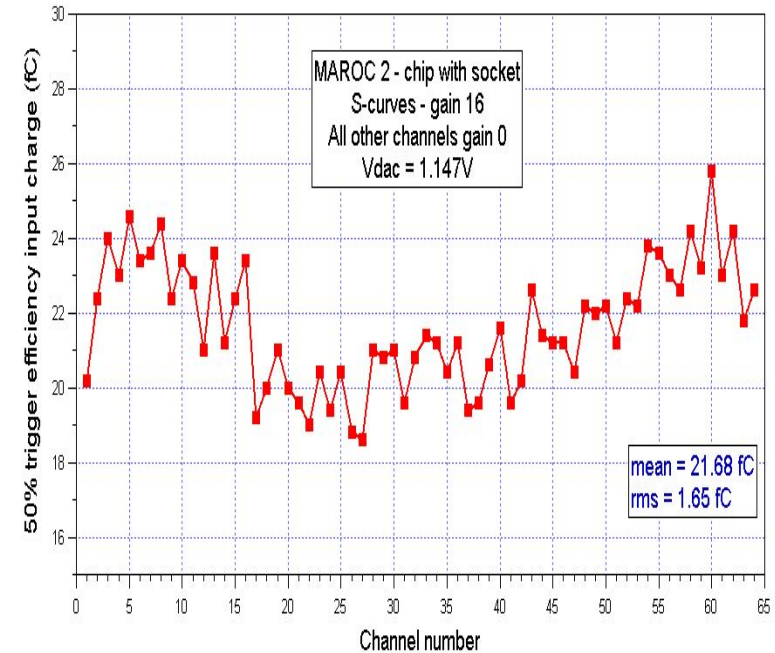
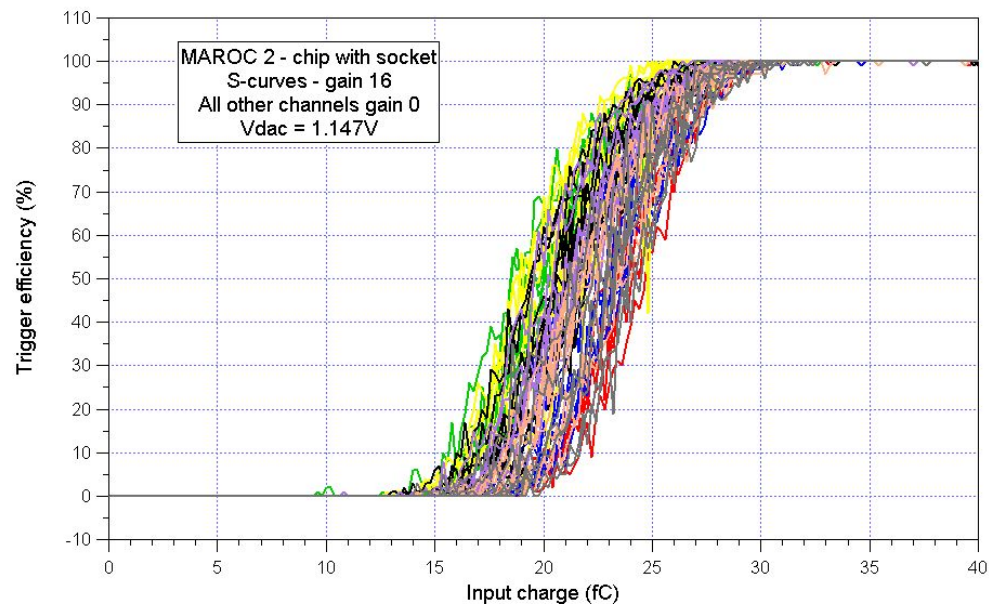


trigger Q 50



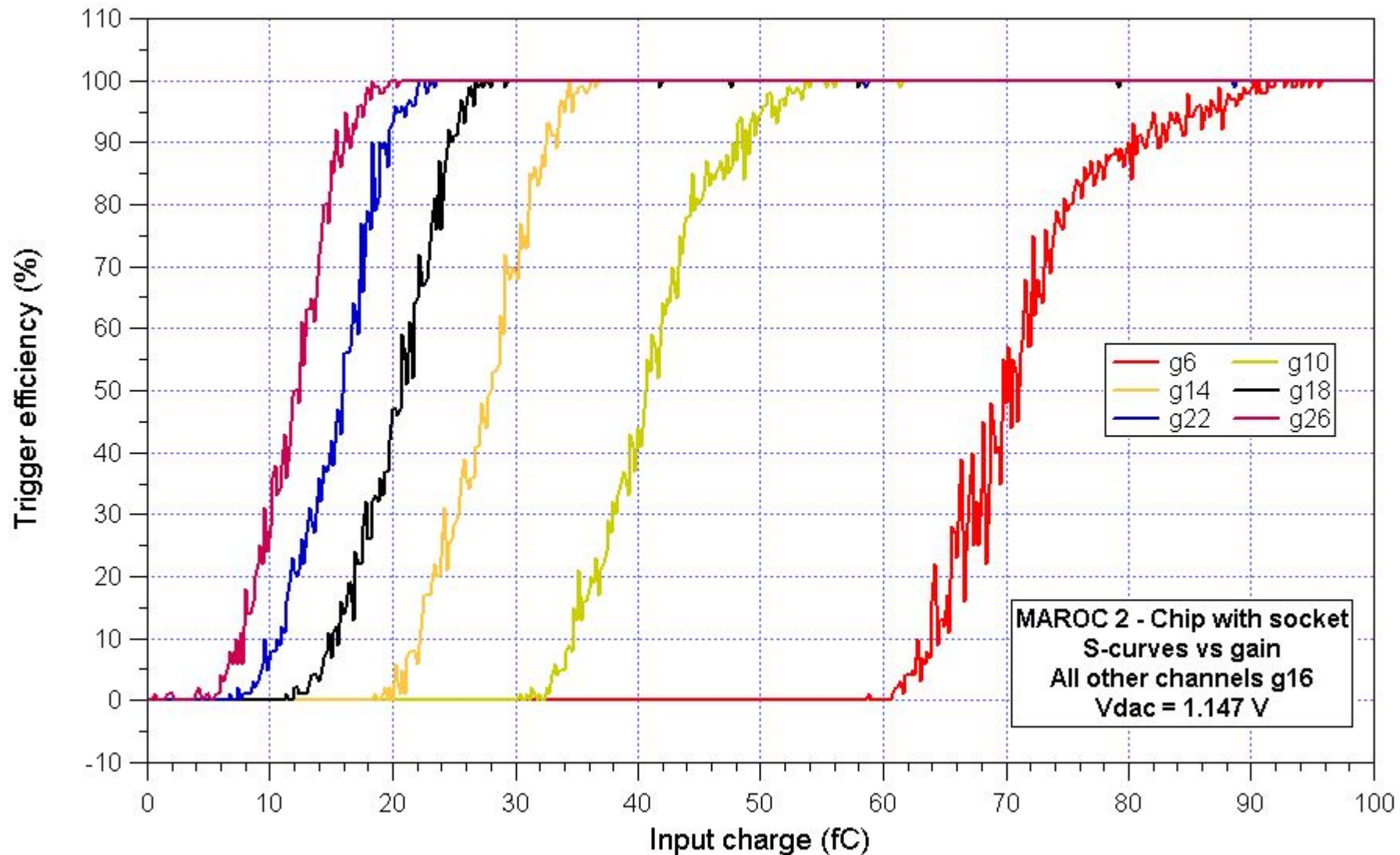
Efficiency curves: MAROC2

- **Threshold : 22 fC**
 - Dispersion : +/- 1.6 fC
 - Noise : ~ 2 fC



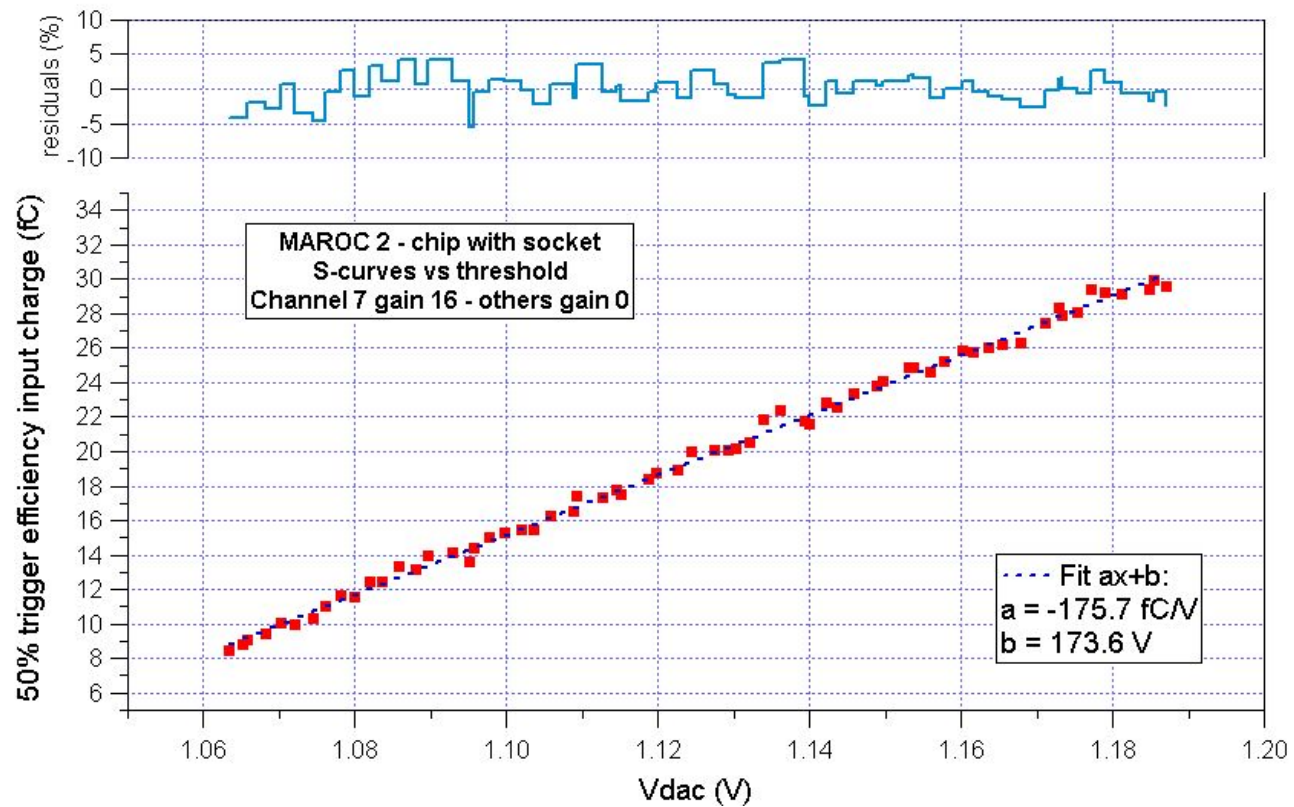
Trigger efficiency vs gain

- 50% trigger efficiency scales linearly with gain preamp



Trigger efficiency vs Threshold: MAROC2

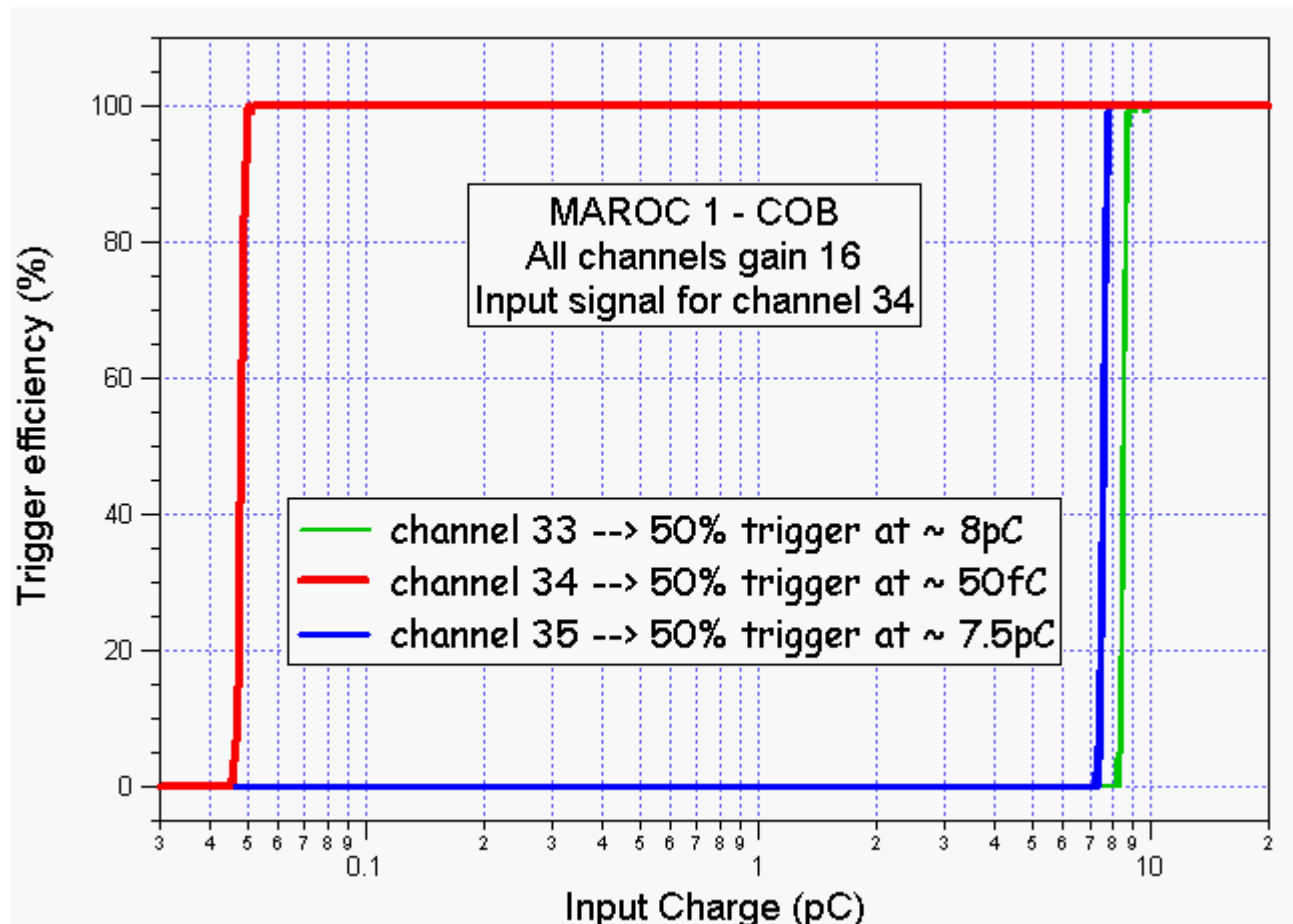
- Good linearity
- Good operation with threshold down to 10 fC



Crosstalk

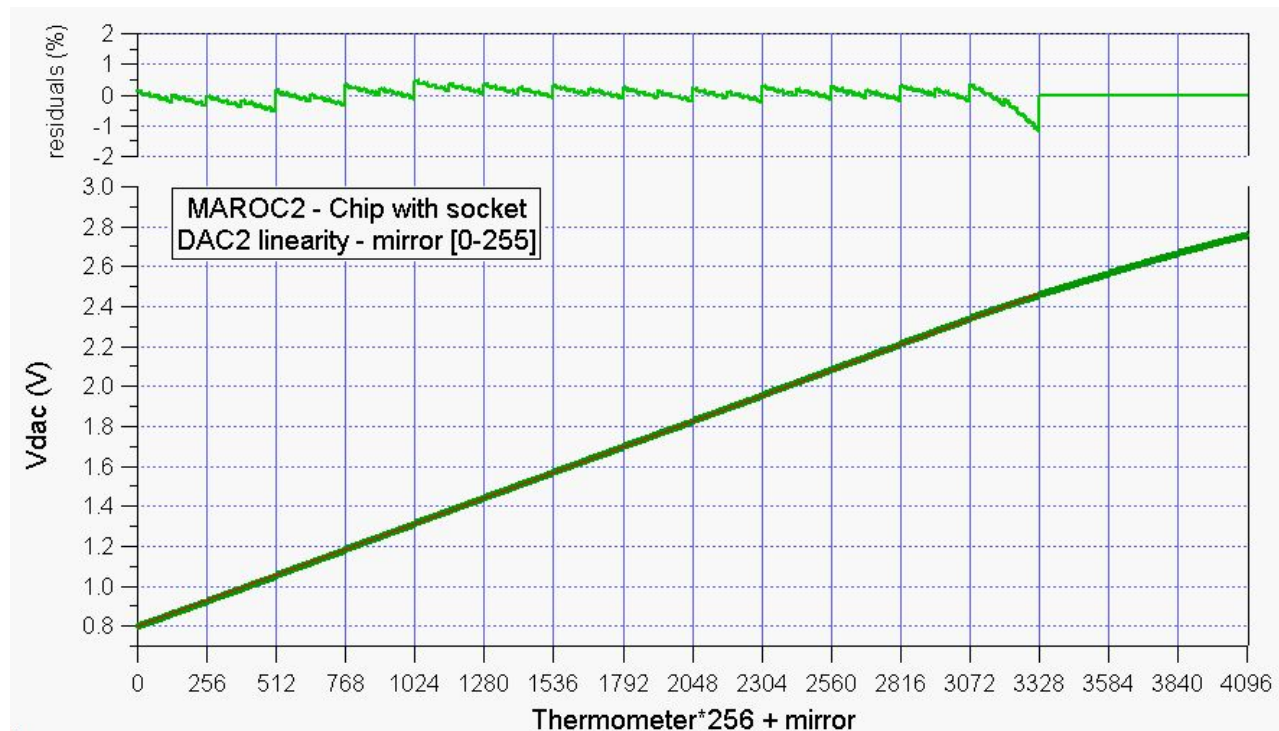
- Injection in ch 34 (up to 10 pC): 50% trigger at 50 fC
- Direct neighbours: 50% trigger at 8pC

→ Cross talk < 1%



DAC MAROC2

- 10 bit DAC integrated to set the discriminator thresholds
- DAC linearity
 - Step: 2mV (0.5 fC)

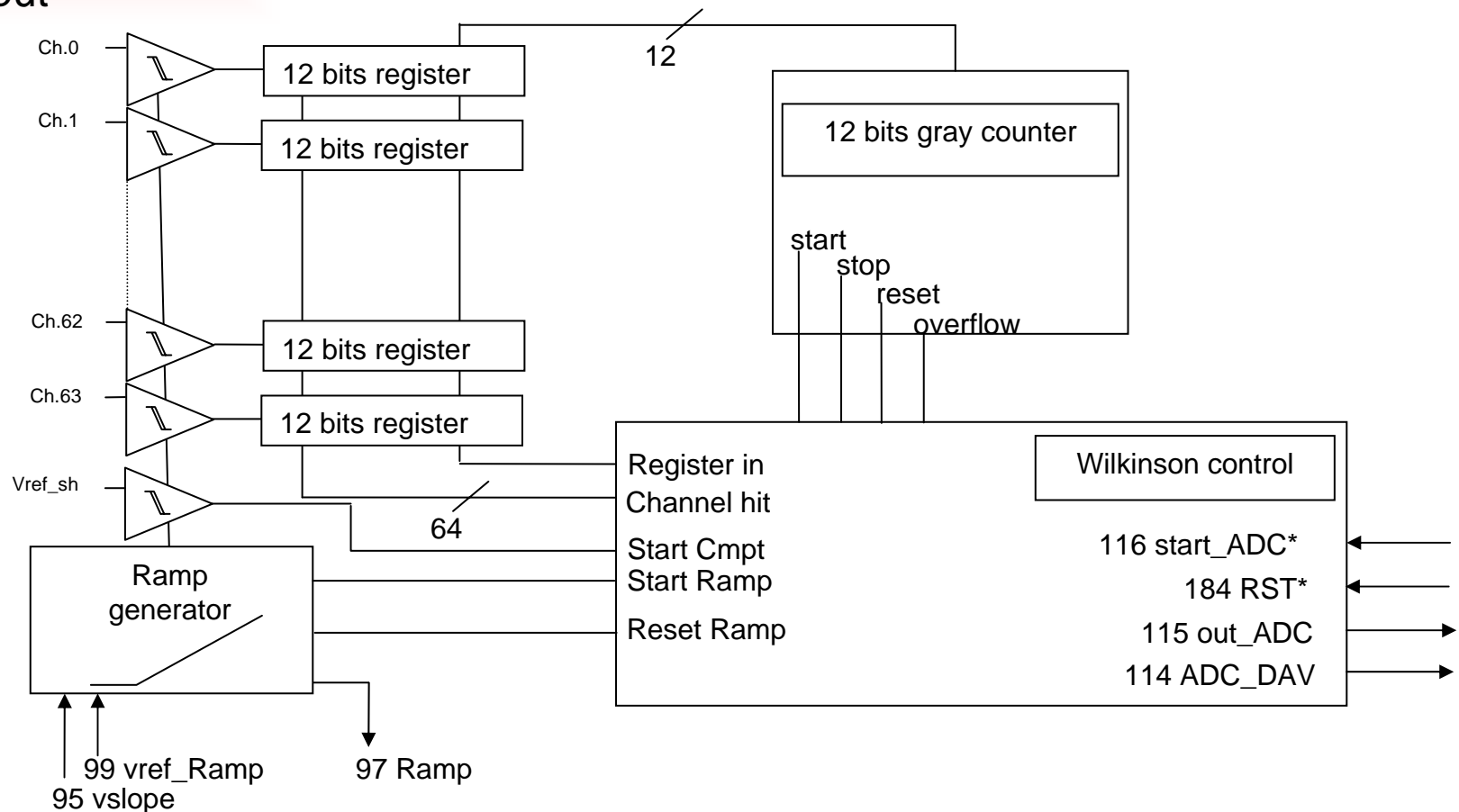


Wilkinson ADC description

Description :

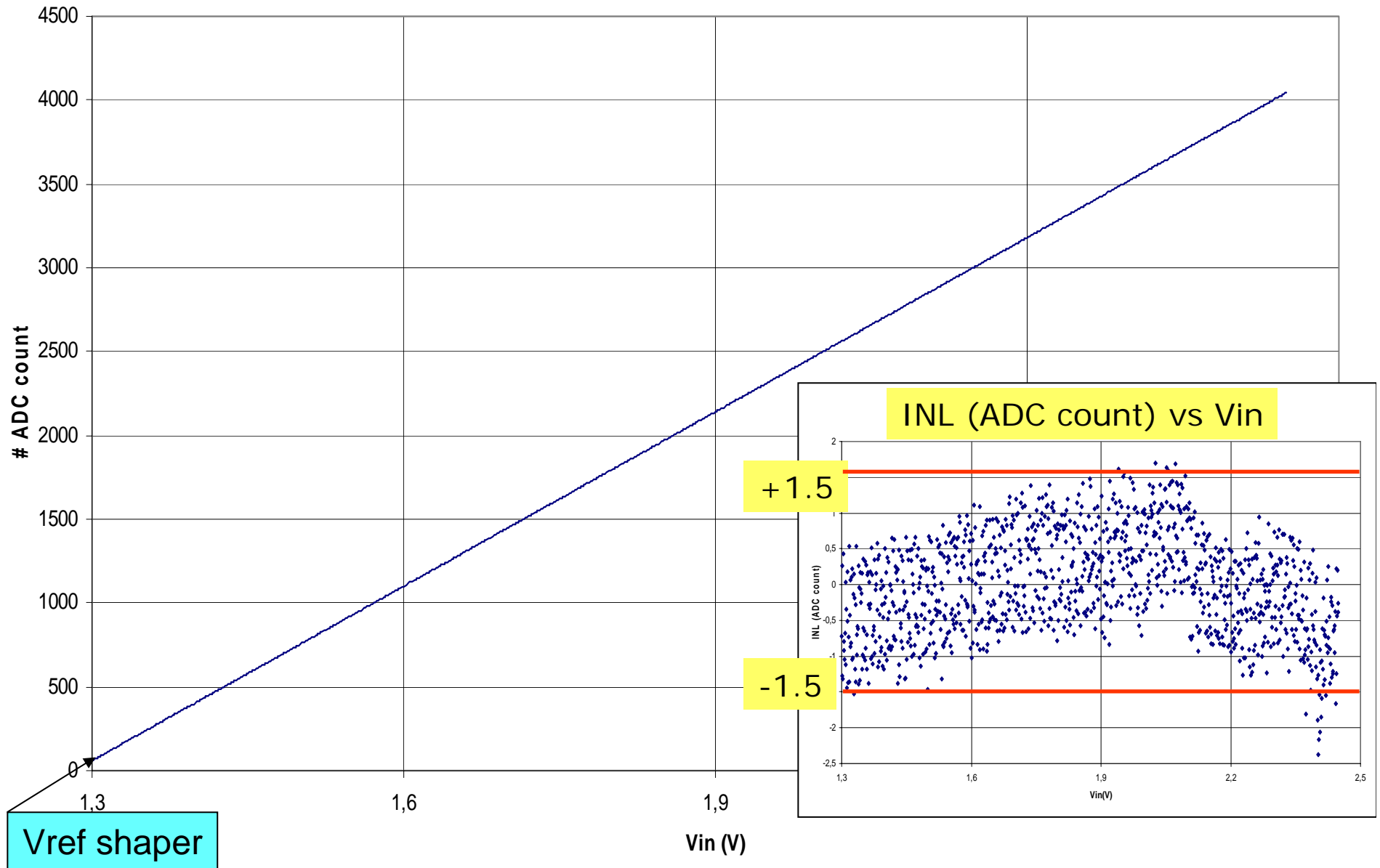
- 12 bits
- 64 channels
- conversion time < 80 μ s
- clock 40 MHz
- Serial output

ADC= Integrated in MAROC2
and tested (stand alone version)



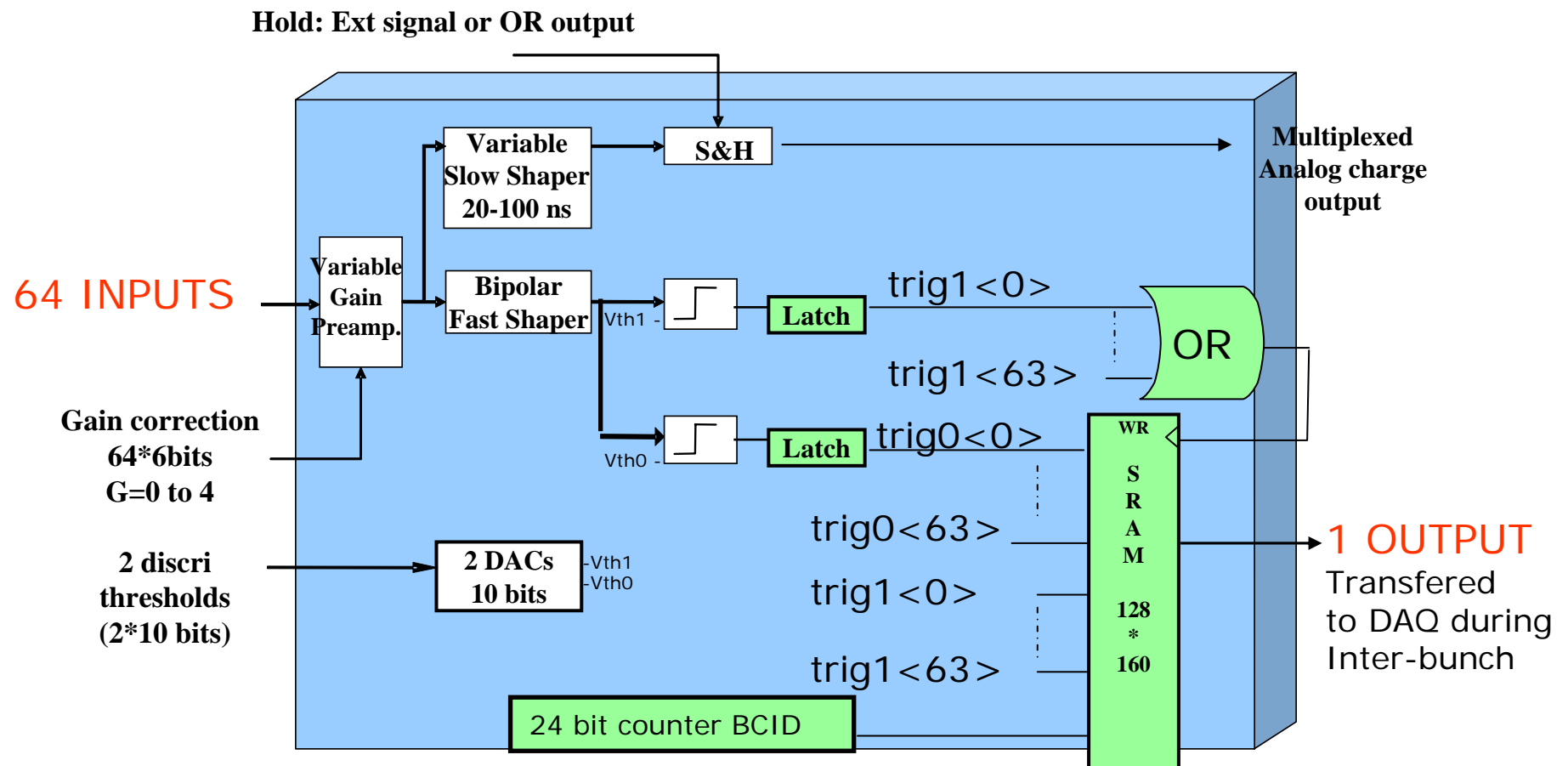
Wilkinson ADC results

ADC count vs Vin



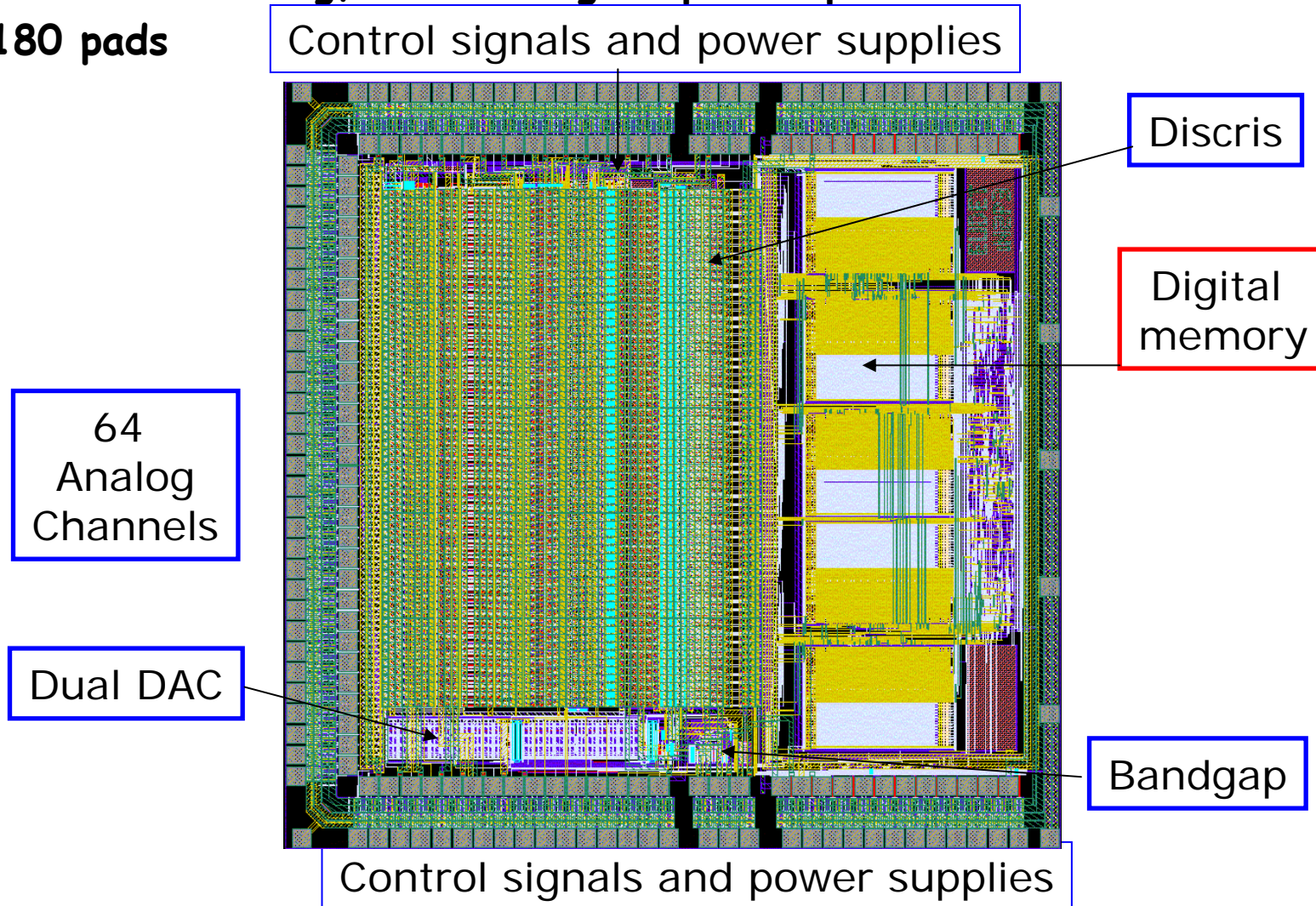
HaRDROC architecture (for CALICE DHCAL)

- Full power pulsing
- Digital memory: Data saved during bunch train. **Only one serial output**
- Store all channels and BCID for every hit. Depth = 128 bits
- Data format : $128(\text{depth}) * [2\text{bit} * 64\text{ch} + 24\text{bit}(\text{bcid}) + 8\text{bit}(\text{Header})] = 20\text{kbits}$
- Sequential readout @ 1 MHz



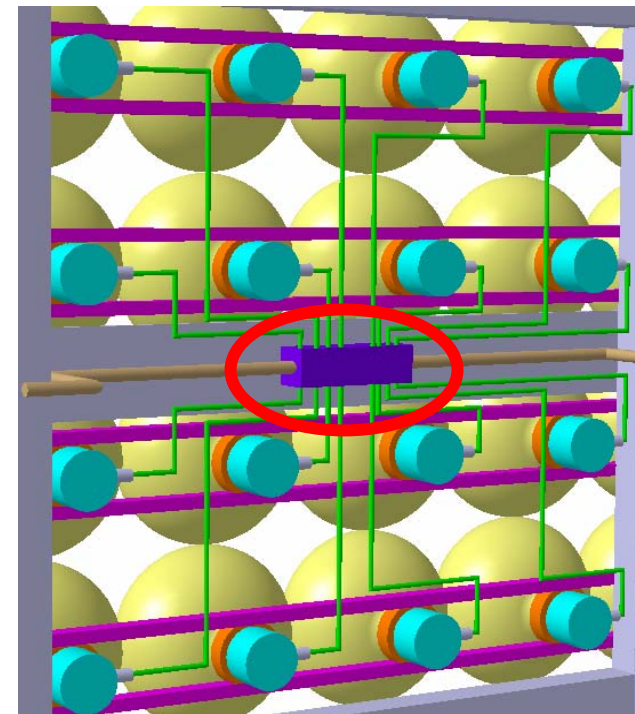
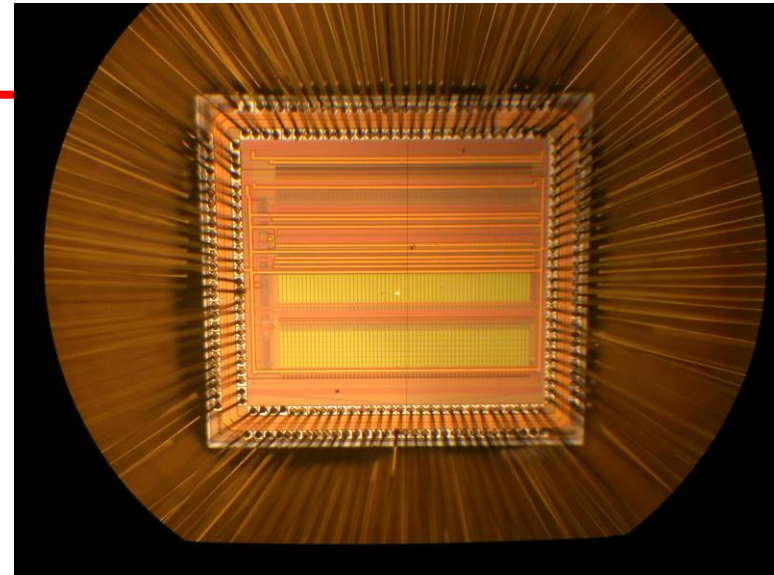
HaRDROC layout

- 64 inputs, 1 data output
- Vss of the analog, mix and digital part separated
- 180 pads



CONCLUSION

- MAROC2 fullfills most of the requirements of Menphys
- To be done:
 - Time ditzitization (TDC)
 - Data out: wireless to be done by Annecy
- Open questions:
 - Possible use of local coincidence to reduce the data rate
 - Depends on the energy threshold related to the dark noise of the PM
 - Dynamic range
 - Ditzitization of all signals
- Test on a prototype (16 PMs, 8") with MAROC2 forseen this fall



ANNEXE

Cost approach

Photonis at NNN05

C. Marmonier, NNN05, France, April 2005
LIGHT06, Israel, January 2006

Size (Diameter)	20	20(17)	12	Inch
Photocathode area	1660	1450	615	cm ²
Quantum efficiency	20	20	24	%
Collection efficiency	60	60	70	%
Cost	2500	2500	800	€

12.6 14.4 7.7 € /PE_U/cm²

Cost/cm² per useful photoelectron

Cost / (cm² × QE × CE)

12" is better in SER and timing

12" provides a higher granularity

But, the number of channels is increased